

# EX-GOV. WICKLIFFE DIES IN KENTUCKY.

The Louisiana Leader Passes Away  
at Shelbyville,

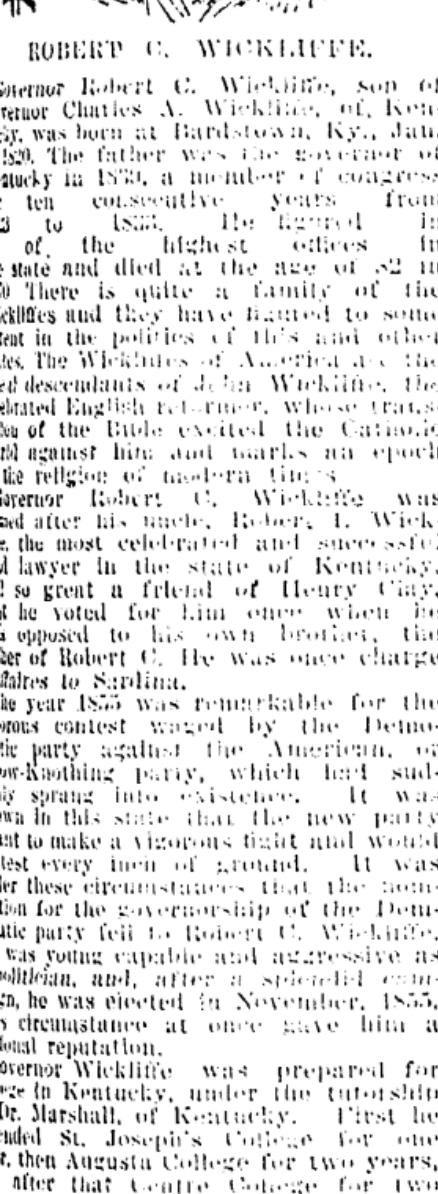
After a Long and Eventful Life,  
During Which

He Won Success in Law, Agriculture  
and Politics,

and Did Good Service for His  
Adopted State, Which Hon-  
ored Him.

welghed at least 220 pounds. About his countenance and his carriage there was that air and grace that becomes the Kentuckian and polished southerner. All in all he was an interesting character in the politics of Louisiana, and always a Democrat.

Louisville, Ky., April 13. (Specialty.)—  
The dispatch just received says that Ex-Governor Robert G. Wickliffe died at Shelbyville at 4 o'clock this afternoon. His funeral will be held Saturday, and his remains will be buried in the old family burial ground at Bardstown, Ky.



ROBERT G. WICKLIFFE.

Governor Robert G. Wickliffe, son of Senator Charles A. Wickliffe, of Kentucky, was born at Bardstown, Ky., Jan. 12, 1820. The father was the governor of Kentucky in 1830, a member of congress for ten consecutive years from 1833 to 1853. He figured in one of the highest offices in the state and died at the age of 82 in 1875. There is quite a family of the Wickliffes and they have figured to some extent in the politics of this and other states. The Wickliffes of America are the descendants of John Wickliffe, the celebrated English reformer, whose translation of the Bible excited the Catholic world against him and marks an epoch in the religion of modern times.

Governor Robert G. Wickliffe was born after his uncle, Robert L. Wickliffe, the most celebrated and successful lawyer in the state of Kentucky, so great a friend of Henry Clay, that he voted for him even when he was opposed to his own brother, the father of Robert C. He was once charged with being a Southern sympathizer, but this was a mistake.

The year 1855 was remarkable for the vigorous contest waged by the Democratic party against the American, or Know-Nothing party, which had suddenly sprung into existence. It was known in this state that the new party intended to make a vigorous fight and would test every man of ground. It was under these circumstances that the nomination for the governorship of the Democratic party fell to Robert G. Wickliffe, who was young, capable and aggressive as a politician, and, after a spirited campaign, he was elected in November, 1855, a circumstance at once gave him a national reputation.

Governor Wickliffe was prepared for a political career in Kentucky, under the tutorage of Dr. Marshall, of Kentucky. First he attended St. Joseph's College for one year, then Augusta College for two years, and after that Centre College for two years, where he graduated in a class of fifteen. Out of this class some of the best prominent men in the history of Kentucky politics were launched.

From his early days, Governor Wickliffe manifested a liking for the courts, whenever there was any debate in the way of hearing he abandoned everything else and listened to the argument, began the study of law and was admitted to practice at Bardstown, Ky., where he practiced for two years and then, his health failing, he removed to Indiana and settled in West Fellingham, in 1846, where he has engaged in farming, law and occasionally in a hand in politics. In his law work he has defended fifty men on the charge of murder, and only in one instance did the defendant hang, then an accessory turned king's evidence. All of the others were exonerated. Hard study, polished manners and the prestige that an illustrious name like his made him at once one of the most men in anything he undertook made him the successful man he was.

He was a great admirer of Mason, but is not known to have belonged to any secret organization. He was three times elected to the state legislature as senator from West Fellingham, and on the death of Lieutenant Governor Farmer he was elected president of the senate, in which position he held until he was elected governor in 1855. He was seated in 1856 and served for four years. After his term he retired to his home and gave attention to law and planting. In 1861 he was elected to Congress, but was allowed to take his seat, owing to the construction measures of that epoch. In 1866 he was a presidential elector in the state at large, making a vigorous canvass of the state in the interest of the Tilden ticket. The same year he was chairman of the Louisiana delegation to the national Democratic convention at Louisville, and voted for the nomination of Tilden.

In 1870 he state senator he took an active part in the cause of common school education, being chairman of that committee several years and opposing a division of the fund among religious denominations, holding that it would be unwise.

Governor Wickliffe married in Washington, D. C., in February, 1841, Miss Anna Dawson, only daughter of John R. Dawson, member of Congress from Louisiana, from 1841 to 1845; she was the daughter of Governor Louis Johnson, of Louisiana, granddaughter of her mother's father, John H. Jones, an early settler of the Florida parishes of Louisiana.

Governor Wickliffe was remarkable for his physical accomplishments and commanding disposition, and was universally popular. She died in May, 1862, leaving a child, a daughter, Margaret, who became the wife of J. C. Wickliffe, a lawyer of high reputation, of Shelbyville, Ky.

Governor Wickliffe was brought up under the influence of the Presbyterian denomination, and he has been as generous in his contributions to church enterprises as he has been in his attention to the vices of the church.

When last Governor Wickliffe figured prominently in the politics of his state during the McElroy campaign, he was defeated by the McElroy and the Master ticket, as were opposed. He was adjudged a rather conservative man. He was defeated for the nomination on the McElroy ticket for the lieutenant governorship, but the defeat of that ticket he went back to his home and his work with all the energy of the former days. It may be observed that whenever he appeared on the convention floor there was a hush that is only to be found here the greatest respect is felt. His eyes, which looked down his back, seemed to command the reverence shown him. He was a man of large figure and